

# Mathematics Methods Unit 3/4 Test 5 2022

Section 1 Calculator Free CRVs and Normal Distribution

### **STUDENT'S NAME**

**DATE**: Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> August

TIME: 15 minutes

**MARKS**: 14

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

Standard Items: Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser, approved Formula sheet

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

### 1. (3 marks)

Let X be a normally distributed random variable with a mean of 6 and a variance of 4. Let Z be a random variable with the standard normal distribution.

(a) Determine P(X < 8).

[2]

(b) Determine b such that P(X < 7) = P(Z < b). [1]

## 2. (5 marks)

The probability density function for a continuous random variable X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} ax(4-x) & 0 \le x \le 4\\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

(a) Show that the value of *a* is 
$$\frac{3}{32}$$
.

[3]

(b) Determine P(X < 3)

[2]

### 3. (6 marks)

The continuous random variable X takes values in the interval 1 to 5 and has cumulative distribution function F(x) where

$$F(x) = P(X \le x) = \begin{cases} 0 & x < 1\\ \frac{x-1}{4} & 1 \le x \le 5\\ 1 & x > 5. \end{cases}$$

(a) Determine

(i) 
$$P(X \le 3.5)$$
 [1]

(ii) the value of k, if 
$$P(X > k) = 0.85$$
 [2]

(b) Determine f(x), the probability density function of X, and sketch the graph of y = f(x). [3]





# Mathematics Methods Unit 3/4 Test 4 2022

Section 2 Calculator Assumed CRVs and Normal Distribution

### STUDENT'S NAME

**DATE**: Tuesday 9<sup>th</sup> August

**TIME:** 25 minutes

**MARKS**: 27

[2]

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

Standard Items:Pens, pencils, drawing templates, eraser, approved Formula sheetSpecial Items:Three calculators, notes on one side of a single A4 page (these notes to be handed in with this assessment)

Questions or parts of questions worth more than 2 marks require working to be shown to receive full marks.

4. (4 marks)

The continuous random variable, X, is normally distributed with P(X < 28) = 0.35

(a) How many standard deviations from the mean is a score of 28?

(b) If the standard deviation of *X* is 5.74 find the mean of the distribution, giving your answer correct to 2 decimal places. [2]

## 5. (4 marks)

The probability density function of a continuous random variable X is given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x}{12} & 1 \le x \le 5\\ 0 & elsewhere \end{cases}$$

(a) Explain why f is a probability density function.

(b) Determine 
$$P(X < 3)$$
. [1]

(c) If 
$$P(X \ge a) = \frac{5}{8}$$
, find the value of  $a$ . [2]

[1]

### 6. (8 marks)

The graphs of the probability density functions of three normally distributed random variables W, X and Y are shown below.



(a) State, with justification, which of the three random variables has

- (i) the largest standard deviation? [1]
- (ii) the largest mean? [1]
- (b) Empty bottles are filled with *A* mL of water, where *A* is a normally distributed random variable with mean of 510 mL and standard deviation of 7.5 mL.
  - (i) Determine the probability that a bottle is filled with more than 520 mL. [1]
  - (ii) Determine the probability that a bottle is filled with less than 515 mL, given that it is filled with more than 510 mL. [2]
  - (iii) The mean of A is to be decreased by k mL so that just 2.5% of bottles are filled with 520 mL or more. Determine the value of k. [3]

### 7. (11 marks)

The time T to process orders at a warehouse is a random variable which can take any value in the interval 0 to 12 minutes. The graph of the triangular probability density function of T is shown below.



(a) Determine the value of k.

(b) Determine the probability that the time to process an order takes less than 3 minutes.

[3]

[1]

The variance of T is 6 minutes 13 seconds.

(d) Two new procedures will affect the processing time of an order. The first will decrease the time by 15% and the second will then add one-and-a-half minutes. Determine the new mean and standard deviation of the time to process an order. [3]